

AFFIDAVIT

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE]
ROYAL COURT OF JUSTICE]
AT LONDON.

Queens Bench Division]

In support of a Writ of Habeas Corpus
for Rodney Norman Culleton (Senator)

Applicants: Darryl Mark O'Bryan

Defendant: Commonwealth of Australia

General form of affidavit:

Affiant: Darryl Mark O'Bryan, researcher and adviser to Rodney Norman Culleton elected Senator of the Parliament of the Commonwealth.

I, Darryl Mark O'Bryan of [REDACTED] Victoria, in the Commonwealth of Australia and, locally, 3/17 Courtfield Road South Kensington London, as a research officer on the staff of Senator Rod Culleton make oath and say as follows:

1. It is common information and a matter of record that Rodney Norman Culleton (the Senator) was elected under clause 9, Section 7, of the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act 1900 (UK) (the Act 1900) to represent the people of an electorate in the State of Western Australia for the Senate of the Parliament of the Commonwealth on July 2 2016.
2. It is common information and a matter of record that the Senator took up his Office under sworn Oath in the Schedule to the Act 1900 on August 2 2016 at Government House Canberra before Sir Peter Cosgrove, acting as the Governor General and his Deputy of the Commonwealth of Australia.
3. On the 12th of October 2016, I was requested to serve in the Senator's Office as a research officer and took up my position accordingly.

Deponent



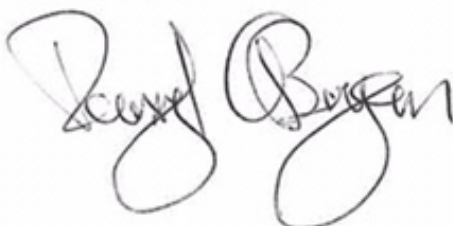
Solicitor/Witness



4. I witnessed the Senator, without notice, ask a question in the Senate of the Parliament on September 12 2016 to Senator George Brandis, acting as Attorney-General, in the following terms: *"If section 33 High Court of Australia Act 1979 requires the High Court to issue all process in the name of the Queen, why has it been allowed to defy the Parliament of the Commonwealth since 2004, by issuing process in its own name?"*.
5. I witnessed Senator Brandis congratulate Senator Culleton for raising this issue in the Senate, and stated on the record that the anomaly had not previously been identified and would be attended by the appropriate committee appointed by the Justices of the High Court which in and of itself is an exposure of a duty under the Judiciary Act 1903 section 87 which was removed in 2003 where the rules of the High Court required Parliamentary approval, the repeal of this section is recorded in the Legislative Instruments(Transitional Provisions and Consequential Amendments)Act 2003 No.140,2003-Schedule 1 at 30.
6. I am instrumental in and witnessed the Senator send a letter to the President of the Senate, Senator Stephen Parry on November 4 2016, which displayed an intention to bring to the attention of the house a follow on set of issues from the maiden question. See exhibit **DOB1**
7. I am, by review of the parliamentary record, witness to a motion moved by the Attorney General, Senator Brandis, seconded by Senator Pauline Hanson at 1.31pm on the first sitting day for the month of November, being November 7 2016: See exhibit **DOB2**
8. I researched the circumstances of the said delivery by the Attorney-General to establish that the finding by the President of the Senate on November 7 2016 was not accurate as no teller was appointed by the President in order to clearly establish that there was a Quorum in the house, as the photograph of the house at the moment of the vote displays that in fact the numbers were not in the house as required by section 22 Constitution, which allows for one third of the house to vote so the powers of the house can be exercised, the Parliament in 1991through the Senate (Quorum) Act 1991 did amend section 22 Constitution reducing the number to one quarter of the house which then requires a minimum of 19 members to be voting when requested by the President of the Senate.

Deponent

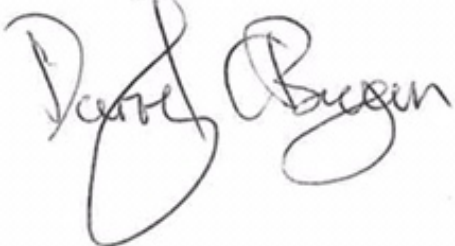

Solicitor/Witness



9. I obtained information that the President of the Senate, Senator Stephen Parry, did receive a letter from a legal firm, King & Wood Mallesons, on November 10 2016 regarding a potential threat to Senator Culleton's standing in the Parliament under section 44(iii) of the Commonwealth Constitution, but the legal firm admit to already filing in the Federal Court for a hearing on the 21st of November 2016 which is on the record questionable when section 47 Constitution excludes any other jurisdiction until the house determines whether a member should be disqualified and then exposed to the Bankruptcy court system. See exhibit **DOB3**
10. I further found by researching the Hansard of the Senate and from being in the house on staff that the President of the Senate failed to bring this letter to the attention of the house as required by section 47 Commonwealth Constitution.
11. I was advisory to, and witnessed that, the Senator did, on the 21st of November 2016, appear under protest in the High Court sitting as the Court of Disputed Returns in order to state on the record that he was seeking an adjournment for the purpose of organising legal counsel.
12. I was advisory to, and witnessed that, the Senator did make protest to the High Court on November 21 as he, and the office staff, were analysing the claims being made by both the Attorney General and the Common Informer.
13. It is a matter of record of December 1 2016, being the last sitting day for the Senate for the year 2016, that Senator Culleton, seconded by Senator Jackie Lambie, did manage to recall the referral to the High Court sitting as the Court of Disputed Returns, which was actioned by the Senator Brandis on November 7.
14. It is a matter of record that the house did vote on the motion known as Motion 163, on December 1 2016, fulfilling the Constitutional requirements laid out in sections 22 and 23, Commonwealth Constitution. See Exhibit **DOB4**

Deponent


Solicitor/Witness



15. It is a matter of record that the High Court, sitting as the Court of Disputed Returns, did on the December 7 2016 hear the referral application of November 7 from Senator Parry, President of the Senate, under section 376 and 377 Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918 contrary to the powers of the Senate through motion 163 passed on the 1st of December 2016 which amounts to an estoppel against any action taken against Senator Culleton until the house reconvenes and hears the matter relating to the faulty referral.
16. I was advisory to, and witnessed that, Senator Culleton instructed legal counsel John Maitland to seek Barristers Peter King and Peter Lithgow to attend the High Court sitting as the Court of Disputed Returns on December 7 2016, for the purpose of adjourning the hearing on the basis of the successful Notice of Motion dated December 1 2016.
17. It is a matter of record that the High Court, sitting as the Court of Disputed Returns with five justices including the Chief Justice, did on the 7th of December 2016 reject the adjournment application made by the Senator's legal counsel even though legal counsel did clearly present to the court that the court did not have competence of jurisdiction to ignore Motion 163. See exhibit **DOB5** being the transcript of 7 December 2016 while relevant to the need for Senator to come to the United Kingdom it is not relevant to the proceedings for this Honorable Court.
18. It is a matter of record that Registrar Jan of the Federal Court of Australia, on December 19 2016 in the Federal Court in Perth, had scheduled a hearing of a bankruptcy petition that had never been served upon the Senator based upon a bankruptcy notice that likewise had never been served upon Senator Culleton.
19. It is a matter of record that Registrar Jan adjourned the hearing of the bankruptcy matter, on the same day, to a Judge, a Barker J of the Federal Court of Australia to be heard in Perth on December 19 2016.
20. It is a matter of record that Barker J, made a Sequestration Order on December 23 2016 against the Senator, as opposed, despite Motion 163 of 2016 in force and effect by Order of the Senate.

Deponent

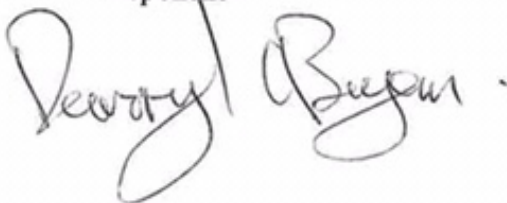
Solicitor/Witness



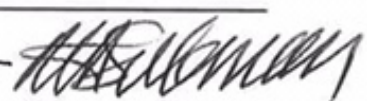


21. It is a matter of record that Senator Rod Culleton immediately applied for, and was granted, a 21 day stay of execution of the Judgment.
22. I researched and came to understand that a further flaw in the conduct of Barker J, was the existence and acknowledged requirement for service of a S 78B Notice under the Judiciary Act 1903 where the Federal Court of Australia is mandated to adjourn while the Attorney-General of the Commonwealth and of every State was given an opportunity for notice and intervention of the proceedings. The Attorney-General of the Commonwealth, acting through the Australian Government Solicitor on December 21 2016, advised that the Attorney-General would not intervene, even though, he was bound by the Motion 163 of 2016, passed on December 1 2016, by the fifth clause, the Act 1900.
23. It is a matter of record that Senator Stephen Parry, the President of the Senate then on January 11 2017, without any formal motion or authority of the Senate, dismissed Senator Rod Culleton from the Senate and suspended his salary forthwith based upon the Order of Barker J, made on December 23 2016, despite S 47 Constitution, which vests exclusive jurisdiction in the Senate and House of Representatives to determine the eligibility of a Senator or Member to sit in either House.
24. It is my considered understanding that the exclusive jurisdiction of the Senate was invoked by Motion 163 of 2016 and the word "shall", being mandatory without exception, no public court outside the Parliament of the Commonwealth had any jurisdiction whatsoever, after that Motion was passed. This interpretation was confirmed by the High Court in *Alley V Gillespie* (2018) HCA 11 on the 21st March 2018.
25. I was advisory to, and witnessed attempts by Senator Rod Culleton to have the Senate do its public duty, and the Federal Courts in the Commonwealth to uphold the Constitution which have all come to naught, and since all the Commonwealth Courts in Australia claim authority from the Queen of Australia as currently does the Parliament, despite all Members and Senators having sworn allegiance to Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth the Second the Queen of the Constitution of the Commonwealth, it appears that the Treason Felony Act 1848 still in force in the United Kingdom, could affect all members of the Parliament of the Commonwealth by reference to S 44 (ii) as attainted of treason.

Deponent



Solicitor/Witness



26. I have been advised of, and sighted the documents for my advice in response, that as a consequence of the Sequestration Order of Barker J made on December 23 2016, the Commonwealth defendant in this application, acting through Peter Vince, the appointed Trustee in Bankruptcy, and an Officer of the Commonwealth, has restrained the Senator, a subject of the Queen, from leaving the confines of the Commonwealth of Australia to put his case to the Queen's Courts of Justice in the United Kingdom where the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act 1900 was established and is still current, where the restraint of the Senator offends the Habeas Corpus Act 1816, an Act in force both in the Commonwealth of Australia and United Kingdom.

Taken and sworn this 15th Day of January 2019 in London the United Kingdom.

Affiant



~~A Justice of the Peace.~~

*at 219 Kensington High Street,
London W8 6BD*

*Before me,
[Signature]*

Mohamed Azim Suleman BA (Bus. Law)
SRA No. 152383
Solicitor/Commissioner for Oaths
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AFFIDAVIT EXHIBIT

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE]
ROYAL COURT OF JUSTICE]
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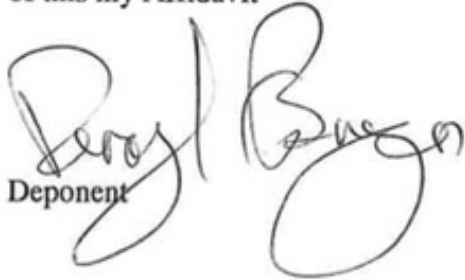
Queens Bench Division]

In support of a Writ of Habeas Corpus
for Rodney Norman Culleton (Senator)

Applicants: Darryl Mark O'Bryan

Defendant: Commonwealth of Australia

The Paperwiting attached hereto and marked **DOB1** is the document referred to in Paragraph 6
of this my Affidavit


Deponent


Solicitor/~~Witness~~
15th January 2019

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Senator Rodney Culleton
Senator for Western Australia

Senator Stephen Parry
President of the Senate
4th January 2016

Dear President,

I write as a Senator and representative of over 50,000 West Australians, small businesses and farmers everywhere throughout Australia and others. I invoke Standing Order 58 (b) and (c) as a matter of urgency, requiring the Senate to determine as a priority my status by Motion. In S 16 of the *Parliamentary Privileges Act 1987*, there is a reference to the Bill of Rights 1688, and the High Court in 2010 by a unanimous decision declared the Transcribed enactments in S 8 of the Victorian *Imperial Acts Application Act 1980* to be valid law in Victoria and therefore throughout the Commonwealth.

On the 23rd December 2016 in the Federal Court of Australia here in Perth one Justice Barker after having had two requests to have the matter heard by a jury, made a sequestration order against my estate, in a matter in which I have an Appeal pending, to set aside or vary the very Order he accepted as valid, and refused to follow what should be binding High Court precedents put to him. This is a gross miscarriage of justice, as I am not insolvent, and because the Court failed to give sufficient time for argument and evidence, denied procedural fairness typical of what is happening throughout Australia. The Senate needs to make the Federal Court of Australia competitive with the State Courts instead of being blindly accepting of their unconstitutional judgments.

I have twice tried to have the Federal Court of Australia Judges earn their huge salaries, (almost twice what a Senator is paid) by actually exercising the jurisdiction granted them by the Parliament of the Commonwealth in matters involving the Constitution. Those two Judges need to explain to the Senate why they refuse to follow Statutory Commands, both from S 78B and S 39B (1A) (b) Judiciary Act 1903 (Cth) and apply and interpret the Constitution.

I have read S 47 Constitution carefully and it would appear that until the Senate confirms the judgment it cannot have any automatic effect. I persuaded the Presiding Judge to stay the matter for 21 days, but it is unclear whether the jurisdiction of the Senate is exclusive, of all other avenues of Appeal.

Could you please advise as a matter of urgency, whether this is in fact true, and now the High Court has made Rules to issue Process in the name of the Queen, whether this makes process not issued in the name of the Queen unconstitutional and void? It would appear that the Senate under Standing Order 58 (c.) has power to declare void, instruments made under any Act of Parliament by delegated authority.

This is a very serious situation where an elected public official, representing farmers and others who are being destroyed by these same public officials, is to be destroyed by the arbitrary Order from an unelected public official, contrary to the Statutory Commands of the Parliament contained in the Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cth) S 268:10 and 268:12, and in the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights passed into law and confirmed in 2002. If all persons are equal before the law as Justice Barker says, why can one public official destroy another?

Could you consider a recall of the Senate for the purposes of resolving this difficult and pressing Constitutional question going to the very heart of good government.

Yours Faithfully

Rodney Norman Culleton

Rod Culleton | Federal Senator for Western Australia

Electorate Office

Unit 5, 162 Colin Street

Blue Note Building

West Perth WA 6005

Phone (08) 9226 1750 / 1300 512 510



Senator.Culleton@aph.gov.au

AFFIDAVIT EXHIBIT

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE]
ROYAL COURT OF JUSTICE]
AT LONDON.

Queens Bench Division]

In support of a Writ of Habeas Corpus
for Rodney Norman Culleton (Senator)

Applicants: Darryl Mark O'Bryan

Defendant: Commonwealth of Australia

The Paperwiting attached hereto and marked **DOB2** is the document referred to in Paragraph 7
of this my Affidavit


Deponent


Solicitor/~~Witness~~

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15th January 2019

Senate: 1:31 P m.

Senator BRANDIS (Queensland—Attorney-General, Vice-President of the Executive Council and Leader of the Government in the Senate) (13:31): by leave—I move: That, pursuant to section 376 of the Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918, the Senate refers to the Court of Disputed Returns the following questions— (a) whether, by reason of s 44(ii) of the Constitution, or for any other reason, there is a vacancy in the representation of Western Australia in the Senate for the place for which Senator Rodney Norman Culleton was returned; (b) if the answer to Question (a) is "yes", by what means and in what manner that vacancy should be filled; (c) what directions and other orders, if any, should the Court make in order to hear and finally dispose of this reference; and (d) what, if any, orders should be made as to the costs of these proceedings.

5:26 P M

The PRESIDENT: Thank you, Senator Xenophon. You have drawn to my attention that the chamber may not be quorate, so we shall bring the bells. (Quorum formed) Senator Culleton, do you wish to speak to the motion before the chair? Senator CULLETON (Western Australia) (17:26): Yes, I do. The PRESIDENT: You have already spoken once before, so my understanding is that you may wish to move an amendment. You will need to seek leave of the chamber to do so. Senator CULLETON: I seek leave to move an amendment to the motion. The PRESIDENT: Senator Culleton, just to assist the chamber—there is some confusion; there has been no advance notice—would you like to briefly explain the nature of your amendment and I will ask about leave again? Senator CULLETON: The amendment would be to move a motion to defer and adjourn the Senate until all evidence is tabled in front of the Senate, including the response from the High Court to my question to the Senate chamber, which Senator Brandis spoke to me about on Saturday, 29 October 2016, that further documents are tabled and, in a sense, to ask members of this chamber, in the interests of natural justice, that evidence of writs and affidavits are put before the Senate in order to go forward and refer it to the High Court. The PRESIDENT: Thank you. To summarise that, Senator Culleton, in effect you want to adjourn the debate until such time as the documents you referred to are tabled. We have a copy of your amendment to the motion now. You are seeking to adjourn the Senate. That is the essence of the amendment. Leave not granted. The PRESIDENT: The question now is that the motion moved by Senator Brandis, to refer a matter to the Court of Disputed Returns, be agreed to. Question agreed to.

AFFIDAVIT EXHIBIT

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE]
ROYAL COURT OF JUSTICE]
AT LONDON.

Queens Bench Division]

In support of a Writ of Habeas Corpus
for Rodney Norman Culleton (Senator)

Applicants: Darryl Mark O'Bryan

Defendant: Commonwealth of Australia

The Paperwiting attached hereto and marked **DOB3** is the document referred to in Paragraph 9
of this my Affidavit


Deponent


Solicitor/~~Witness~~

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15th January 2019

REV 10

KING & WOOD
MALLESONS

DOB 2/3

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10 November 2016

To Senator the Hon. Stephen Parry
President of the Senate
PO Box 6100
Senate
Parliament House
CANBERRA ACT 2600
By email: senator.parry@aph.gov.au

Copy Senator Rodney Culleton
PO Box 6
WEST PERTH WA 6872
By email: senator.culleton@aph.gov.au

Dear Mr President

Senator Rodney Norman Culleton
In the matter of Balwyn Nominees and Rodney Norman Culleton
Creditor's Petition in the Federal Court of Australia No. WAD 492 of 2016

1 Introduction

Our client is Balwyn Nominees Pty Ltd, a company which obtained a judgment debt against Senator Rodney Norman Culleton in the District Court of Western Australia in October 2013, which remains outstanding. Our client has filed a creditor's petition in the Federal Court of Australia seeking sequestration orders under the *Bankruptcy Act 1966* (Cth) against Senator Culleton.

2 Purpose of this letter

We are instructed to write to you in your capacity as President of the Senate to respectfully:

- (a) bring this matter to your attention as a matter of public interest, as it has the potential to affect the composition of the Senate, should our client's application for sequestration orders be successful (in light of section 44(iii) of the Constitution); and
- (b) note that the first hearing of the creditor's petition has been listed for 21 November 2016 in Perth, which we note is a sitting date for the Senate and also the date on which the High Court of Australia has scheduled a hearing (as the Court of Disputed Returns) for the purposes of giving directions as to the hearing and determination of certain questions transmitted by the Senate which concern Senator Culleton and section 44(ii) of the Constitution.

金杜律師事務所國際網絡成員所，更多資訊，請瀏覽 www.kwm.com
亞太 | 歐洲 | 北美 | 中東

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S3

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3 Background

3.1 Judgment debt in 2013

It is a matter of public record that Balwyn Nominees obtained judgment against the now Senator Culleton and his wife, Mrs Ioanna Culleton, in the District Court of Western Australia on 24 October 2014. Judgment was handed down by his Honour Judge Curthoys (now Justice Curthoys) in the sum of \$205,536.50, together with interest.¹

3.2 Judgment debt has been upheld

The District Court Judgment has been upheld twice by the Court of Appeal of Western Australia² and an application made to the Federal Court to restrain enforcement of the judgment debt has also been recently dismissed.³ Senator Culleton has filed a fresh application to appeal the original judgment, which is to be heard in February 2017.⁴ This fresh application is fundamentally without merit.

3.3 Creditor's Petition

The creditor's petition seeks a sequestration order against Senator Culleton by reason that he failed to comply with the requirements of a bankruptcy notice served on him on 8 August 2016.

The creditor's petition has been listed for hearing on 21 November 2016, which we realise is a Parliamentary sitting date for the Senate. We have raised this matter with the Federal Court as a matter of courtesy, and have requested that the matter be adjourned to a non-sitting date, however the Court responded that it was not inclined to re-list the matter. This correspondence was also copied to Senator Culleton.

We now observe that 21 November 2016 is the date on which the High Court of Australia has scheduled a hearing (as the Court of Disputed Returns) for the purposes of giving directions as to the hearing and determination of certain questions transmitted by the Senate which concern Senator Culleton and section 44(ii) of the Constitution.

Accordingly, we propose as a courtesy to re-approach the Federal Court to request that the hearing date for the creditor's petition be moved.

3.4 Service of the Creditor's Petition on Senator Culleton

We have provided the creditor's petition to Senator Culleton by way of email and registered post, and no doubt he is aware of its existence and the hearing date. To date, we have been unable to serve the creditor's petition on Senator Culleton personally. We will however continue attempts to effect service upon Senator Culleton in a lawful manner.

¹ See *Dakin Farms Pty Ltd v Elite Grains Pty Ltd (No 2)* [2013] WADC 160 at [200] per Curthoys DCJ.

² See *Culleton v Dakin Farms Pty Ltd* [2015] WASCA 183 per Murphy JA (Martin CJ and Newnes JA agreeing); and *Culleton v Dakin Farms Pty Ltd* [2016] WASCA 152 per Newnes and Murphy JJA.

³ *Re Culleton* [2016] FCA 1193 at [31] per McKerracher J.

⁴ On 27 September 2016, Senator Culleton filed an application in the Court of Appeal challenging the validity of the original District Court Judgment obtained in 2013. This application has been listed for hearing on 2 February 2017.

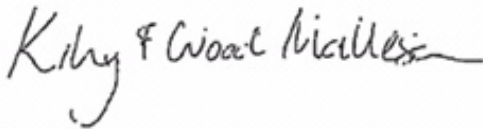
KING & WOOD MALLESONS

4 Conclusion

In the foregoing circumstances, we respectfully:

- (a) ask that you note the existence of the creditor's petition proceedings in the Federal Court;
- (b) ask that you indicate whether any other parties need to be informed of the creditor's petition, such as the Attorney General for the Commonwealth of Australia; and
- (c) inform you that we propose to seek an alternative date from the Federal Court for the first hearing of the creditor's petition.

Yours faithfully



Contacts:

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AFFIDAVIT EXHIBIT

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE]
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AT LONDON.

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In support of a Writ of Habeas Corpus
for Rodney Norman Culleton (Senator)

Applicants: Darryl Mark O'Bryan

Defendant: Commonwealth of Australia

The Paperwiting attached hereto and marked **DOB4** is the document referred to in Paragraph 14
of this my Affidavit


Deponent


Solicitor/~~Witness~~

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15th January 2019

Senate 1st December 2016 Hansard:

Culleton, Senator Rodney Senator CULLETON (Western Australia) (16:33): by leave—I amend general business notice of motion No. 163 standing in my name and in the name of Senator Lambie and move the motion as amended:

That— (a) the Senate notes that:

- (i) on 25 November 2016, solicitors on behalf of the Commonwealth Attorney-General filed a Statement of Agreed Facts in the High Court sitting as the Court of Disputed Returns in the matter of Re Rodney Culleton,
- (ii) (ii) paragraph 1 of the Statement of Agreed Facts includes the following statement: the Magistrate in convicting Senator Culleton as an absent offender was precluded by section 25 of the Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999 (NSW) from making an order for a sentence of imprisonment, and
- (iii) (iii) the facts set out above and agreed by solicitors acting on behalf of the Commonwealth Attorney-General were not before the Senate on Monday 7 November 2016 when it considered the motion moved by Senator Brandis to refer the matter to the High Court under section 378 of the Commonwealth Electoral Act 1908;
- (iv) (b) the Senate calls on the Attorney-General (Senator Brandis) to attend the chamber and clarify this matter; and I also seek leave to table documents relating to this motion. Leave granted. The PRESIDENT: The question is that the motion moved by Senator Culleton, No. 163, be agreed to. The Senate divided.

[16:36] (The President—Senator Parry)

Ayes35 Noes28 Majority.....7

AYES Bilyk, CL (teller) Cameron, DN Chisholm, A Collins, JMA Culleton, RN Dastyari, S Di Natale, R Dodson, P Farrell, D Gallacher, AM Gallagher, KR Griff, S Hanson-Young, SC Hinch, D Kakoschke-Moore, S Ketter, CR Kitching, K Lambie, J Lines, S McAllister, J McCarthy, M McKim, NJ Moore, CM O'Neill, DM Polley, H Pratt, LC Rhiannon, L Rice, J Siewert, R Sterle, G Waters, LJ Watt, M Whish-Wilson, PS Wong, P Xenophon,

N 4022 SENATE Thursday, 1 December 2016 CHAMBER NOES: Back, CJ Birmingham, SJ Burston, B Bushby, DC Canavan, MJ Cash, MC Duniam, J Fawcett, DJ Fierravanti-Wells, C Fifield, MP Hanson, P Hume, J Leyonhjelm, DE Macdonald, ID McGrath, J McKenzie, B Nash, F Parry, S Paterson, J Reynolds, L Roberts, M Ruston, A Ryan, SM Scullion, NG Seselja, Z Sinodinos, A Smith, D (teller) Williams, JR Question agreed to.

Re Culleton [2016] HCATrans 296 (7 December 2016)

Last Updated: 7 December 2016

[2016] HCATrans 296

IN THE HIGH COURT OF AUSTRALIA

SITTING AS THE COURT OF
DISPUTED RETURNS

Office of the Registry
Canberra No C15 of 2016

B e t w e e n -

IN THE MATTER OF QUESTIONS REFERRED to the Court of Disputed
Returns pursuant to section 376 of the Commonwealth Electoral Act
1918 (Cth) concerning Senator Rodney Norman Culleton

KIEFEL J
BELL J
GAGELER J
KEANE J
NETTLE J

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

AT CANBERRA ON WEDNESDAY, 7 DECEMBER 2016, AT 10.19 AM

Available if required. Counsel for Senator Rod Culleton was treated as an irrelevance.